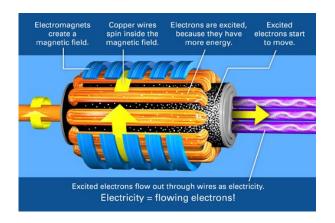
Today

- Homework check
- Generators & Motors

$$3) c = EI = 648,0005$$
 $E_{1} = 76\%$
 $E_{0} = 76\%$

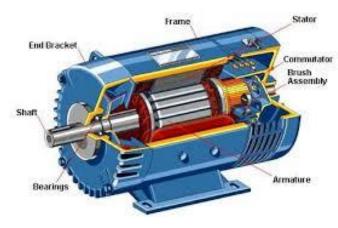
✓ Check Your Understanding – Answers

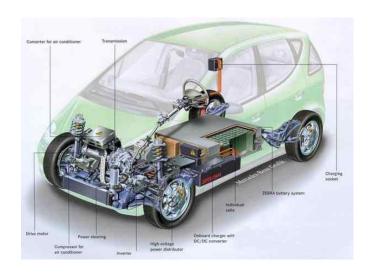
- 1. a.) 1200 W
 - b.) 648,000 J
 - c.) 92.3%
- 2. a.) 240 W
 - b.) 69% efficient
- 3. a.) 6750 V
 - b.) 648,000 J
 - c.) 492,480 J
- 6. a.) 583,200,000 J
 - b.) 279,936,000 J of energy saved
 - c.) The 52 W bulbs are more efficient.













3.2 GENERATORS & MOTORS

Generators

ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION

Generation of electric <u>current</u> in a conductor by a changing magnetic field

A machine that converts

mechanical energy into electrical energy.

Electromagnetic Induction

- In 1831, Michael Faraday discovered electromagnetic induction
- Passing a bar <u>magnet</u> through a coil of wire produces current
- https://youtu.be/hajIIGHPeuU



Electromagnetic Induction

- https://youtu.be/vwldZjjd8fo
- 3 ways to increase current:
 - 1. Increase the number of wire coils
 - 2. Increase the **speed** of the magnet
 - 3. Use a **stronger** magnet



Generators use Electromagnetic Induction

 The electricity that reaches our homes through power lines is produced using large machines called <u>generators</u>, which operate on the principles of electromagnetic <u>induction</u>

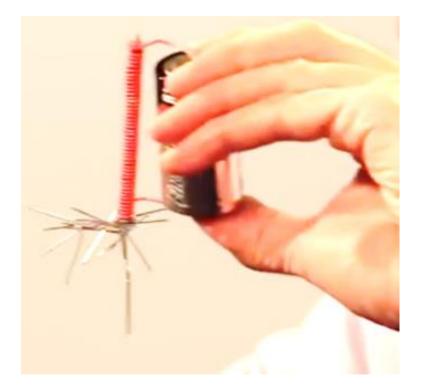


Motors

Coil of insulated wire usually **ELECTROMAGNET** wrapped around an **iron** core that becomes a **magnet** when current flows through it **ELECTRIC MOTOR** A machine that converts electrical energy into **mechanical** energy

Electromagnets

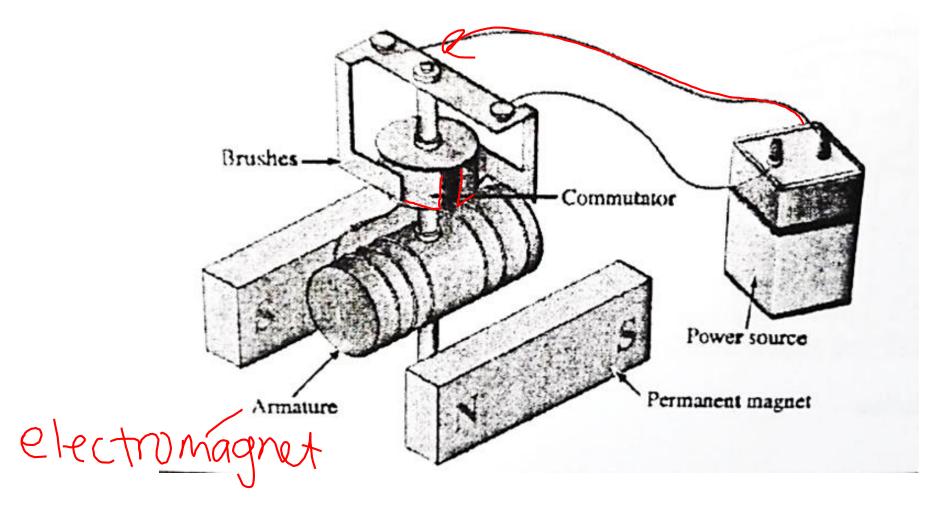
- Early experimenters discovered that they could make a strong magnet by sending current through a wire coiled around an iron rod
- https://youtu.be/sFC7-WVNUP8



Motors

- A motor consists of an electromagnet that is caused to <u>spin</u> by a permanent magnet
- Motors can be found in many machines, including:
 - junkyard-electromagnet
 - Blender
 - Magic Bullet
 - Micronave (1224)

Components of a St. Louis Motor



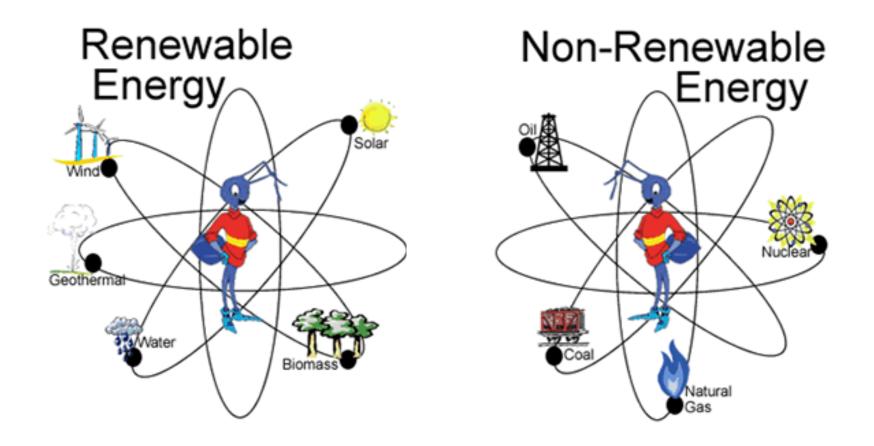
Components of a St. Louis Motor

- Armature spinning shaft with wire coiled around it; it spins due to repulsion and attraction from permanent magnets
- <u>Commutator</u> split ring that that breaks the flow of electricity for a moment and then reverses the connection of the coil
- Brushes makes electrical contact with the moving commutator by "brushing" against it.

✓ Check Your Understanding

Front Bench Stations

- 1. Electromagnet
- 2. St. Louis Motor
- 3. Generator



4.1 ELECTRICAL ENERGY SOURCES

How is Electricity Made?

Https://youtu.be/NsQiVIPy6CA

• Scan the QR code, or find the link on our website, to take the

quiz!